

BERING STRAITS AGLUKTUK

VOLUME 1 NO. 7 published by bering straits native corporation

SEPT. EDITION

Region asks Interior to act

Secretary of the Interior, Rogers C.B. Morton, arrived in Nome August 22nd. That evening he and his aides attended a Potluck given in his honor by residents and groups in Nome. Dancers from King Island and St. Lawrence performed for the Secretary and the 300 people in attendance. Eskimo games were held.

Secretary Morton met with BSNC personnel August 23rd. Discussion included topics such as:

- Status of St. Lawrence Island
- Elections of Elim and St. Lawrence
- Native Allotments
- Reindeer contract
- Additional Withdrawal areas for Nome Village
- Geothermal Power
- 2-C study and our input into study
- Appointment of Alaskan Native to the Alaska Task Force
- Clean-up of the countryside
- Input in decisions affecting our Regional Corporations before they are released for implementation
- Endorsement of issue discussed in Anchorage with the other Regional Corporations
- Word is expected from Secretary Morton confirming his statements and how the Department will handle these regional problems.

Secretary Morton had planned a trip to Shishmaref but, due to weather conditions, this trip was cancelled.

St. Lawrence Island

January 7, 1903:

Theodore Roosevelt, President of the U.S. signed a Presidential Order naming St. Lawrence Island as a Reindeer Reserve.

December 17, 1971:

The villages on St. Lawrence Island; Gambell, Savoonga, and Northeast Cape were listed to receive benefits through the passage of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. This couldn't be done unless the status of the reserve was changed.

September 17, 1973:

Considerable time and work by numerous groups and individuals paid off excessively.

The Reindeer Reserve as decreed in 1903 was today officially changed to a People Reserve.

The St. Lawrence Island people now have an option of keeping the total island of 1,176,188 acres or voting to receive benefits entitled to Village Corporations under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.



Secretary Morton speaking to group of 300

ON THE INSIDE

Money-Shares of Stock.....	2
Staff-Positions.....	3
D-2 Recommendations.....	4
Village Housing.....	5
1972 Audit.....	6
Village Corporation Information.....	7
Boarding Home Program.....	8



St. Lawrence Island dancers

BERING STRAITS
AGLUKTUK

editor

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september issue

bsnc box 1008 nome, alaska

GUIDELINES for VILLAGE
SELECTION

3rd
of a series

by MORRIS KUGZRUK

In this article I would like to stress the importance of selecting land which may be valuable in minerals and the importance of using maps available to the village corporations.

MINERAL REPORTS

To insure successful settlement of the ANCSA, the village corporations will have to select land which may have money making potential for the village in addition to using the land for subsistence hunting, fishing, occupancy, and other village uses. One reasonable goal of land selection is to obtain a resource base that will provide an income for the coming years ahead. Selecting land which has a high probability of containing mineral resources, certainly, is not the only answer, but should be considered by each of the village corporations. Taking into consideration the 220 possible eligible villages, if some of them select land with high probability of mineral resources, this certainly may have an impact on how much additional money the village corporations may make in the future.

One of the problems facing the villages presently is the short time available to find out where these mineral resources are. BSNC realizes this and for this reason employs a Geologist, Diane Tweet, and a Geological Consultant, Carolyn Stevens to write reports and find out where the presently known mineral resources are located within the village withdrawal and Native Reservation areas. These reports will be available to the village corporation in the future. For more information write to Diane Tweet or Richard Atuk at the BSNC office.

MAPS

For the purposes of implementing the ANCSA, we will be using the U.S.G.S. Topographic maps with a scale of 1 inch = 1 mile and BLM Protraction plats using the same scale to show to the Secretary of the Interior and BLM the selected land. In addition to portraying selections on maps each village corporation will have to describe the lands applied for. If the written description and the portrayed maps do not agree the portrayal shown on the maps will be controlling. In preparation for this the Land Use Staff will be explaining different uses of maps, the public land system, locating types of mining claims, valid existing rights, ways to figure out acreages of land, water, and different aspects of land Selection Seminar.

In summary, land selection is a process of studying land which will result in selecting land of the highest and best quality for the purpose of reaching out for prosperity for the village and regional corporation. Certainly one way of achieving prosperity will be selection of land which is valuable in mineral content.....

Village Affairs Staff

The Village Affairs Staff consists of Tim Towarak, Asst., Vice-President, Clifford Weyiouanna, Village Affairs Asst., and Gerald Trigg, Village

Affairs Asst./Training Officer.
The Village Affairs Staff is concentrating on organization of the regions Village Corporate bodies, in the lines of:

Regional
Staff

Bering Straits has a large staff, which allows this region to tackle and complete work in many areas right in the regional office.

The "Bering Straits Agluktuk" shall provide its readers a review of the job descriptions, pictures, and the background of the regional employees.

We do appreciate the concern shown by many stockholders on the subject of the staff. Each employee of Bering Straits has a job description, a statement included in all job descriptions goes as follows: "There are two premises that must be observed in carrying out the duties of this office. Those two facts are that we must conduct a profit making operation and at all times we must insure that the best interests of our native people are at heart."

The technical work throughout the operation of this office is completely new to the residents of the area and to the employees themselves. Therefore, the work is tackled with the expertise and the logic of the employees with guidance from the Board of Directors.

Village Board of Directors

Village Corporation financing and investment

Village Training

The Village Corporation shall have the assistance needed in organizing as a new governing group under guidelines set by the ACT.

Materials, information, and suggestions are laid out and are being presented to the village people by this staff.

MONEY

The 100 Shares of Stock

by Irene Anderson

The ACT states that 10% of the monies going to the regional corporation until 1976 will be distributed to the Corporate Stockholders. The regional corporation will receive this money for distribution for the Alaska Native Fund.

Assuming a final enrollment of approximately 78,000 Natives, the following payment would be made to each stockholder.

YEAR	PAYMENT
1972	14.00 per person
1973	66.00 " "
1974	91.00 " "
1975	91.00 " "
1976	91.00 " "

Since the enrollment will not be complete until December 1973 the 10% distribution will not be made until after that date.

Monies for the years 1972, 1973, and 1974 will be distributed at one time to each stockholder. The combined 3 year payment would amount to \$171.00 per person. A family of 5 persons who are eligible and on the Alaska Native Roll would receive \$171.00 times 5 person equalling \$855.00, for the years 1972, 1973, and 1974. It would be the decision of the BSNC Board of Directors if BSNC would distribute more than 10% which is the minimum stated under the ACT.

This money distributed to the stockholders from the region, which comes from the Alaska Native Fund is tax free. When the region distributes money to the stockholder, which comes from regional profit, this money would be taxable and would be called dividends.

Dividends would be distributed on a stockholder share basis. Not all earnings made by the regional corporation would be distributed as some earnings would be reinvested to enlarge the regional profit making potential. To determine the distribution of the dividends will be an important function of the Board of Directors of Bering Straits Native Corporation.....

VILLAGE
CORPORATION
INFORMATION

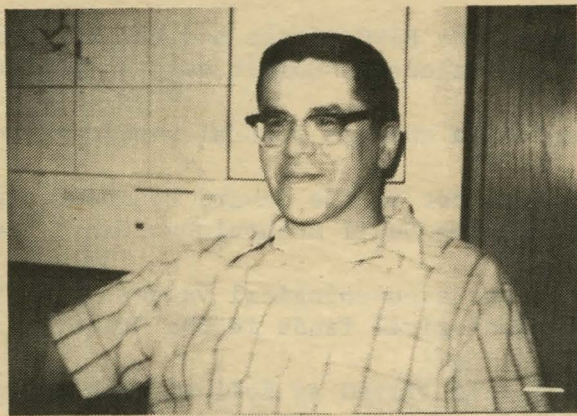
by Jerry Trigg

History clearly shows a need to keep informed. Many opportunities slipped by because persons may have not kept abreast or may have not acted on important issues.

As time moves on more responsibility will fall on village corporate people. To ensure your corporation does not fall behind a means of keeping informed and
cont. on page 4

Richard Atuk L.U.P.

Gary Longley Executive Vice-President



Gary Longley was born and raised in Nome. He had worked throughout the state with the U.S. Weather Service prior to working as Chief of Native Affairs at the ANS Hospital and Enrollment Coordinator. He came to work for BSNC in August of 1972. He and his wife Berda, have four boys and a girl: Gary Jr., Steven, Kenneth, Charles, and Melissa Ann.

The function of the Executive Vice-President is to supervise a staff which furnishes advice, administrative support and staff assistance to the Board of Directors of the Bering Straits Native Corporation primarily as refers to Public Law 92-203, Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

- 1) Develops, establishes and maintains a working relationship with State, Federal, Regional and local native groups as well as other private institutions and individuals.
- 2) Solicits, reviews and evaluates program proposals and projects for the consideration of the Board.
- 3) Manages, supervises and/or administers all corporation contracts.
- 4) Develops, maintains and supervises the corporation administrative staff including providing a written guideline for the overall management of the office.
- 5) Participates in public functions and provides public information services to help enhance the goals of the corporation.
- 6) Ensures that the necessary technical assistance required by the villages or individual members is readily accessible and provides strong support to member villages.
- 7) Develops, establish and maintains an educational and informational system so that the village people are well informed.

The function of the Assistant Vice-President is to supervise a staff which furnishes advice, administrative support and staff assistance to the Executive Vice-President of the Bering Straits Native Corporation primarily as refers to Public Law 92-203, Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

- 1) Organize and implement a program for Land Selection for the Village Corporations in the Bering Straits Region and for the Bering Straits Native Corporation.
- 2) Assist and advise the Village Corporations and the Bering Straits Native Corporation staff in matters relating to Land Selection and Land Use Planning.
- 3) Coordinate with Federal, State or private agencies and companies in matters enhancing Land Selection and Planning decisions.
- 4) Assume any duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Executive Vice-President of the Bering Straits Native Corporation or his designated representative.
- 5) The incumbent shall be primarily responsible for investigation, development and follow up of Village and Regional Land Use Planning and may be called upon to act as the Executive Vice-President's representative in Village and Regional Land Use Planning on occasion.



Richard Atuk is the only Native Geological engineer, he was born in Wales. Richard served in the Army and worked as Petroleum Geologist for British Petroleum prior to coming to work in November, 1972 for BSNC. He and his wife, Mary have three children: Debbie, Jeff, and Jason.

Regional Staff,
Positions, & Salaries

			NAME	POSITION	SALARY
The Budgeted salaries for the two top positions in the Regional Corporations are shown and were made at the time of Incorporation. We express no opinion with respect to the accuracy of these figures.			Anderson, Irene	Executive Secretary	\$11,660
			Atuk, Richard	Asst. Vice Pres./LUP	23,000
			Bell, Lisa	Secretary Trainee	\$3/hr
			Drake, Tom	Vice President	21,000
			Kost, JoAnn	Acting Comptroller	11,660
			Kugzruk, Morris	Research Specialist/LUP	11,000
			Kugzruk, Vernon	Land Coordinator	15,000
			Larsen, Lois	Sec./Village Affairs	9,540
			Leonard, Betty	Secretary/LUP	8,000
			Longley, Gary	Exec. Vice President	26,000
			Murdock, Elsie	Sec./Vice President	9,540
			Nagozruk, Sharon	Summer Help	3.80/hr
			Reader, Josephine	Accounting Clerk	8,000
			Tobuk, Catherine	Receptionist/Typist	9,540
			Towarak, Timothy	Asst. V.P./Village Affairs	19,000
			Trigg, Gerald	Village Affairs Asst./ Training Off.	18,000
			Trigg, Jerome	President	6,000
			Tweet, Diane	Planning Specialist/LUP	15,000
			Weyiouanna, Clifford	Village Affairs Asst.	13,000
	MANAGER	DEPUTY			
Calista	55,000	45,000			
Aleut	45,000	20,000			
Sealaska	35,000	27,000			
Artic Slope	30,000	26,000			
Doyon	29,000	26,000			
Chugach	27,000	18,000			
NANA	25,000	20,000			
Bering Strait	24,000	21,000			
Cook Inlet	24,000	18,000			
Koniag	20,000	18,000			
Ahtna	20,000				
Bristol Bay	20,000	18,000			

Village Advances
By Irene Anderson

Village advances have been approved for Unalakleet and Shaktoolik Native Corporations during the September 14th Executive Board Meeting.

To date four advances to: Wales, Sitnasuak (Nome) Unalakleet, and Shaktoolik have been approved. These funds will allow those Village Corporations to begin organizing their people under guidelines set by the ANCSA and by the Bering Straits Region.

The organization of the village corporate body shall receive assistance from the Land Use Planning Staff, the Village Affairs Staff, the Bookkeeping department and the administrative staff of BSNC.

from abreast to current events should be established.

2 Listed below are ideas for consideration: 1) Keep an updated library with the following: local newspapers, the Bering Straits Agluktuk, the Alaska Native Management Report, NSHC's Katituat, Tundra Times, State and Federal publications and other publications you deem fit. 2) The following books and manuals will prove useful: Implementing the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, Summary and Analysis of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (by RURAL CAP), Code of Federal Regulation - Title 43 Chapter II Part 2650. 3) Listen to the daily radio broadcasts presented by the Corporation staff.

JOB TRAINING

The Lost River Mining Corporation and B.I.A. are laying ground work to fund training. In order to qualify people of the area for jobs at the mine, many types of training are needed. This will be done by their combined efforts and with Bering Straits input.

by Jerry Trigg

B.I.A. has been granted authority to reimburse 1/2 of any hourly wage during on-the-job training. This program can be carried out with any corporation that is recognized by industry and labor as leading to skilled employment.

Federal - State Land Use Planning Commission

Recommendations were submitted to the Secretary of the Interior by the Federal-State Land Use Planning Commission during August 6-10. Secretary Rogers C. B. Morton has until December, 1973 to send his recommendations to Congress. Congress then has five years to act on Morton's recommendations.

The entire report is available for review at the BSNC Office and the section related to BSNC Region will be sent to the Village Land Selection Committees and will be available to stockholders upon their request.

Ten findings were submitted on Seward Peninsula and are general knowledge to most residents except for the following:

Natural and scenic features of special interest on the Seward Peninsula include: the Imuruk lava fields and Imuruk Lake area, the Devil Mountain volcanic field, and important fossil bearing localities.

The Seward Peninsula contains many important archaeological values. The Trail Creek Site is one of the oldest known archaeological finds in the State.

All six recommendations on Seward Peninsula are listed as follows with the accompanying map:

1. The Imuruk lava fields and lake (see map--Area A) should be used primarily for sightseeing and scientific study. Construction or placement of recreational and scientific facilities should be permitted if significant environmental degradation will not result. Development of geothermal resources should be permitted. Hunting, except for subsistence purposes, should be prohibited. Any other use which might conflict with the primary uses of this area should be prohibited.
2. In the coastal areas (see map--Area B) any use which could potentially impair the waterfowl habitat should be carefully regulated.
3. The Trail Creek and Devil Mountain volcanic area should be used primarily for scientific study (see map--Area C). Any developmental or other uses which would interfere with such study should be prohibited.
4. Reindeer grazing should be permitted throughout the withdrawal.
5. Those portions of the unit for which no primary use has been designated should be open to a variety of uses (see map--Area D).
6. The designation of the coastal area around Shishmaref as an ecological reserve is specifically disapproved.

A part of the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta starts eighteen miles South of Stebbins and extends South to the Yukon River. There is only one recommendation on this part.

1. "No single, overriding primary use should be identified".
- There are many general recommendations and findings concerning D-2 Lands in general and the two recommendations which may be of most interest are:

SUBSISTENCE

Unless prohibited in the recommendations which follow, hunting, fishing, trapping, berry picking, timber cutting for local consumption for fuel and home building and home building and other subsistence activities should be SUBSISTENCE permitted. Where a conflict arises between the taking of such resources from the land for sport or commercial purposes or for subsistence need, preference should be given to the taking for subsistence need.

DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

Recommendations-

Unless prohibited, exploration and extraction of locatable minerals should be allowed in each of the D-2 units under a lease and permit system which requires that mineral exploration and production be conducted in a manner which will prevent or substantially reduce the adverse environmental consequences of such activity.

Unless prohibited, exploration and production of oil, gas, and other so called leaseable minerals should be allowed under existing laws and regulations.

The Commission will consider and submit criteria for a permit-leasing system and invite public discussion and comment.

If you have any questions, please contact The Land Use Planning Staff of BSNC.

IRA, City Council, and Village

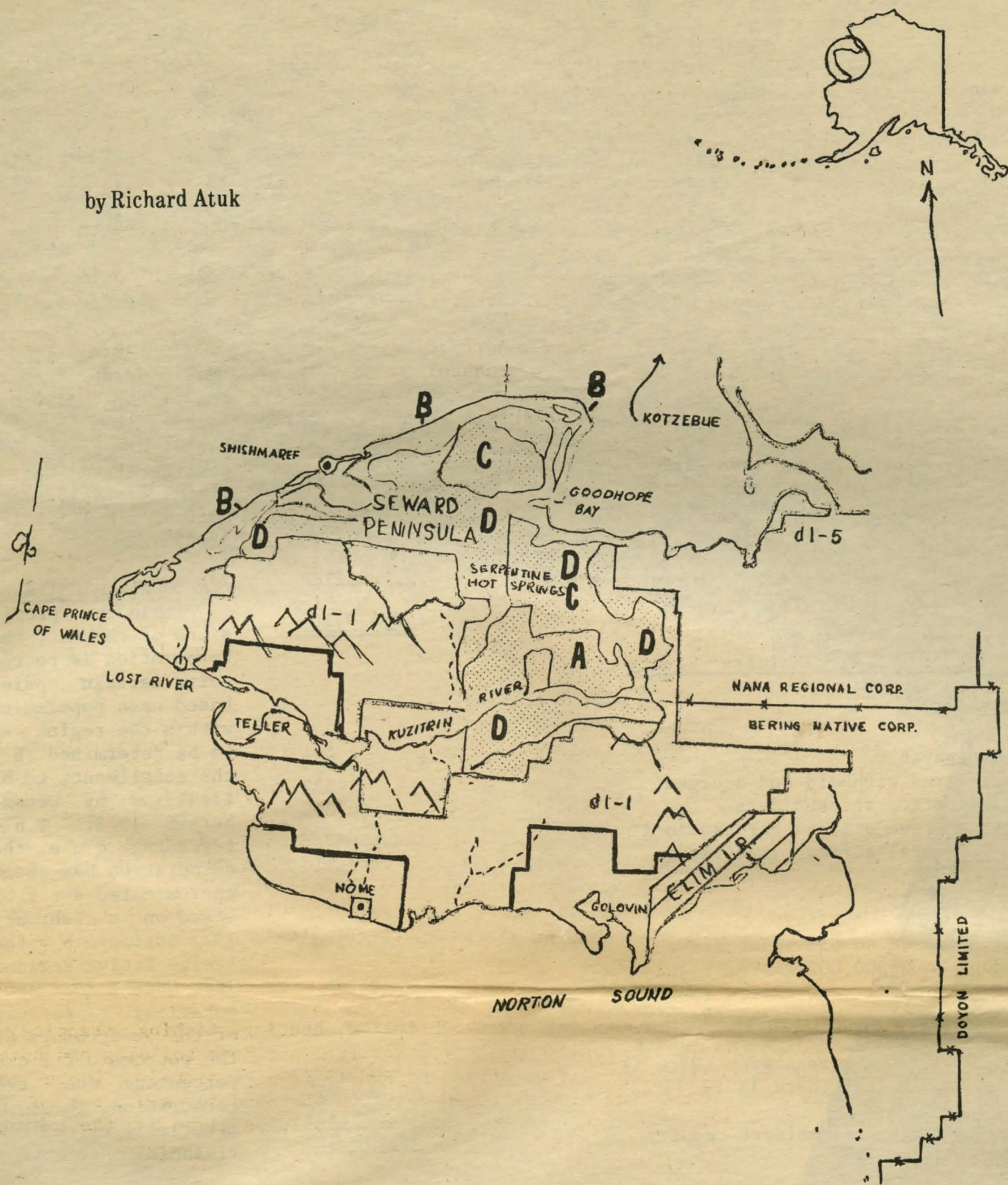
Different functions of village organizations are presently being pointed out by personnel of the Bering Straits Native Corporation, during village travels. We believe that through this article the functions can be used as future reference. In many cases, the first governing body of each village has been the IRA Council. IRA meaning Indian Rehabilitation Act which is a Federal

program. The primary function of the IRA Council in Alaska is to be the Board of Directors for Anika Native Stores or other village owned entities or programs. This body can go into business which will benefit the village members as a whole. This council has administered RDA Grants to install clinics, community halls, and to build other Native owned buildings. Other funds also adminis-

trated by this council have been PHSMonies for installing water and sewer facilities. Before many villages were incorporated as 2nd Class cities, the IRA Council served as the governing body for all village policies, but they could not set fines or act legally as the municipal government. Most villages have incorporated as 2nd Class cities which has permitted them to participate in reve-

Recommendations on Seward Peninsula D-2 Lands

by Richard Atuk



RECOMMENDATIONS

Acreage	Symbol	Comments
294,000	A	Imuruk Lava & Lake (No Hunting Except Subsistence)
418,000	B	Coastal Zone (Duck Resting)
232,000	C	Trail Creek-Devil Mountain
2,329,000	D	Balance of Unit

Corporation Functions By Clifford Weyiouanna

nue sharing programs. Incorporating as a 2nd Class city has created another governing body called "City Councils". City Councils must be formed within the guidelines of the State of Alaska. These guidelines are written in the Alaska Statutes Title 29, Municipal Government. The City Council obtains funds from the State and Federal revenue sharing programs according to the population of

each city. These funds obtained can be utilized for their designated purposes or for any approved improvements of a city, such as better roads, recreation centers, better transportation better city police force, better fire protection, better health clinics or any other improvement that will benefit the city. Other functions of a City Council is obtaining funds to provide better a living

environment such as city lights, better housing, jobs within the city, better transportation, and better communication, just to name a few. A City Council, by ordinance, may set city laws and have ordinances to enforce these city ordinances. Sample ordinances could be obtained from Department of Regional Affairs, Juneau. An IRA Council cannot pass ordinances that would be legally re-

cognized by the State. When the land claims act was passed, still another governing body has been created and that being the village corporation "Board of Directors". Being newly organized, it has caused confusion in some villages as to its relations to other governing bodies. Simply, the function of this board is to organize a village so that money and land from

Village Housing

The BSNA is overseeing the housing projects in Shaktoolik and Koyuk. Alaska State Housing Authority let a bid this summer for 20 houses to be built in this region. Lampert Construction Co. will construct the homes under the direction of Central Construction Co., who is the prime contractor. The number of homes has been decreased to 6 per village. Three homes in each village shall be 2 bedroom and a loft, the other 3 homes shall be 3 bedrooms in size. The houses shall be brought to the village by the first part of October, construction should be completed in late fall. Village people will be hired to help in the construction.

the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act could be administrated properly with assistance from the staff of Bering Straits Native Corporation. Any benefit that a village will receive from the Settlement Act must be administrated by this board. At the present time the IRA Council and the City Council cannot apply for loans and grants the Regional Corporation office may have available. But, if a joint village project is in consideration, the two or three organizations could work together to create this proposed village project. What this means is that if the IRA Council received grants to build a new Native store building and it ran out of money, the City Council or the village Board of Directors could work out some solution to get money so that the building could be available to them at the earliest date. Another example is the village Board of Directors may see fit to use Corporation monies for matching funds for a project which will benefit the village. To do this, they may have to work with the village council.

Bering Straits Native Corporation

Balance Sheet

Notes to the

WILLIAM H. ROMPA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

June 30, 1973

June 30, 1973

Assets

Current Assets:

Cash	\$ 65,602
Accounts receivable	2,500,827
Interest receivable (Note 1)	81,376
Total current assets	2,647,805

Non-current receivables, less portion classified as current asset (Note 1 and 2)	37,353,210
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Investments, at cost (Note 3)	146,654
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Real estate (Note 1)	
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Equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$9467. (Note 4)	31,436
--	--------

\$40,179,105

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$ 3,893
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued	5,337
Due prospective stockholders	60,000
Due prospective village corporations	270,000
Total current liabilities	339,230

Stockholders' Equity

Common stock of no par value class A authorized 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding zero shares (Note 1)	
Common stock of no par value class B authorized 1,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding zero shares (Note 1)	
Contributed Capital (Note 1)	40,045,250
Deficit	205,375
Total stockholders' equity	39,839,875

\$40,179,105

1. Bering Straits Native Corporation is one of the twelve native regions in the State of Alaska under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Public Law 92-203.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Within the provisions of the Act, the Corporation is to receive certain monies based upon population within the region, as to be determined by the enrollment, to be finalized by December 18, 1973. The percentage due the corporation has been approximated at 9.8% based on a February 1973 estimate by the twelve Native Regions (see Note 2 for computation). Because of the uncertainty of the outcome of the percentage due the corporation, it could materially effect its financial position.

REAL ESTATE

Within the provisions of the Act the corporation is to re-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

The ACT has set many guidelines for the Regions to follow. One includes the distribution of the yearly audit. The ACT states that the region shall provide a breakdown of the audit report to the stockholders.

The stockholders to this date are not fully recognized as the Secretary of the Interior will not sign the enrollment

until December 17, 1973.

Bering Straits Executive Board has taken a position concerning the 1972 audit. They have decided that the above material from the audit shall be published in this manner for this year.

If you have any questions please address them to Tom Drake, Vice-President BSNC, Box 1008, Nome, Alaska 99762.

1st Choice Land Selection

by Richard Atuk

The Land Use Planning Staff is currently planning for the 2nd Bering Straits Land Use Planning Seminar to be held on October 1-5 in Nome. It is planned that a minimum of two Land Selection Committee members from each village will attend. This seminar will clarify the basic requirements for Land Selection and provide some assistance in planning. A very important part will be use of maps and mapping methods.

After this seminar is over, members of the Land Use Planning

Staff will be in each village to assist the Village Land Selection Committee with any land matters that they request.

Tentative land selections must be made early in order to have a good land selection pattern. For this reason BSNC requests that Villages have their tentative (first choice) land selection by November 15. We urge Village Land Selection Committees to become active in their duties and especially to talk about Land Selection with Village Corporation stockholders.....

This newsletter

seems to lack some-

thing when Village

News isn't included.

Please submit articles on your Village Corporation or Village News.

Native Corporation

Financial Statements

Bering Straits Native Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 1973

ceive real estate and subsurface rights. The total acreage, or value of which has not been determined, nor has title been transferred as of the date of this report. No estimated book value with regards to the real estate is available, therefore a zero value has been assigned to the account, which materially effects the financial position of the corporation.

CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

Contributed Capital is based on the monetary and non-monetary amounts due the Corporation under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Since the amounts due the corporation are estimates, or not available, as of the date of this report, contributed capital materially effects the financial position of the corporation.

CAPITAL STOCK

None of the shares of capital stock have been issued since the stockholders will not be identified until December 18, 1973, under the provisions of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

2. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, estimated, are scheduled, and have been computed, as follows:

	Alaska Native Fund	Revenue Sharing State of Alaska	Other	Total
Total Settlement	\$462,500,000	\$500,000,000		\$962,500,000
Less Due Village Corporations				
45% first five years	(122,625,000)	-	(A)	(122,625,000)
50% after first five years	(85,000,000)	(250,000,000)	(A)	(335,000,000)
Less Due Prospective stockholders	(46,250,000)	(50,000,000)		(96,250,000)
Total due all regional corporations	\$208,625,000	200,000,000		408,625,000
Total due Bering Straits Native Corporation at its estimated percentage of 9.8%	\$ 20,445,250	19,600,000		40,045,250
Less Alaska Native Fund advance	(270,000)			(270,000)
Net Due, estimated	20,175,250	19,600,000		39,775,250
Miscellaneous receivables				
Alaska Federation of Natives, Inc.			64,210	64,210
Other			3,631	3,631
Bureau of Indian Affairs (contracts)			10,946	10,946
	20,175,250	19,600,000	78,787	39,854,037
Less current assets	2,486,250		14,577	2,500,827
	\$ 17,689,000	19,600,000	64,210	37,353,210

(A) It has been assumed that funds due from Revenue Sharing State of Alaska will not be paid until after the expiration of five years from the date of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

EDITORS NOTE:

This is a review of the work done by the Kawerak Staff. Kawerak is funded by grants and contracts and works in the Social Service areas.

JOB BANK SURVEY: All village sites have been visited thus far and they will be covered again to ensure complete coverage and up to date data. A running list has been made on the job applications received, and this will be used to provide information to interested employers and agencies who are seeking potential employees and trainees. Recent applications will have to be added to this list. Future plans will be to compile the job skills that are available in each village, plus the people who desire training.

ALASKA STATE OPERATED SCHOOL BILINGUAL WORKSHOP: This workshop was held in Nome for four weeks from June 27 to July 27. Kawerak, Inc. contracted to provide "Personnel Services" and food services for this workshop which was held at the Nome-Beltz complex. An average of 50 people have attended this session to study the Inupiat dialect and to prepare native teachers to teach their village dialect in their village schools. Both parties and participants were satisfied with the services.

BOARDING HOME PROGRAM: Finalization of this contract was made September 13, 1973. Kawerak, Inc. will have a "Apartment Programs" to provide additional homes for students who desire to attend high school near their village and in their region. Approximately 72 placements have been found in the city of Nome for boarding home students. We will handle an average of 120 boarding home program students. This Boarding Home Program is the first for this region and it is a challenge for Kawerak, Inc. has complete confidence in the B H P staff.

VILLAGE PROFILE STUDY: Kawerak, Inc. is also working jointly with the Bering Straits Native Corporation in gathering data on each village in this region. Kawerak is this along with their Job Bank Survey and these studies will be supplemental to our Job Bank.

CULTURAL PROJECTS: We have received funds from the Alaska State Council of the Arts to buy artifacts and native implements to construct cultural kits which will be shared with villages. These kits will provide relevant material and toys to be used to enhance native education in village schools and other educational programs.

Review

of

Kawerak

PEOPLE RESERVE



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

SE

Gentlemen:

The attorney for the people of St. Lawrence Island, Mr. Ethan Windahl, has submitted a Brief to the Office of the Solicitor of this Department setting forth the pertinent historical documents concerning the establishment of the St. Lawrence Island Reindeer Reserve and his arguments as to the proper application of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 USC 1601, to the facts disclosed in those documents. The Office of the Solicitor has informed me that Mr. Windahl did an outstanding job in establishing that the St. Lawrence Island Reindeer Reserve is one of the reserves referred to in Section 19(a) and (b) of ANCSA.

I have been advised that the people of St. Lawrence Island are entitled to elect to take their reserve under Section 19 of the Act or to take their other benefits as Native Village Corporations under the Act, whichever they may choose. If the village corporations for Gambell and Savoonga wish to elect to take their reserve they must do so on or before December 18, 1973, in accordance with the regulations in 43 CFR Subpart 2654.

In view of the decision of the Office of the Solicitor that the St. Lawrence Island Reindeer Reserve is a reserve under Section 19(a) of the Act, it has been decided to place all of the village deficiency withdrawal for the village of Gambell on St. Lawrence Island. The enclosed described lands are withdrawn for Gambell.

If these lands do not meet the needs of the people of Gambell, they can express their preference for other available lands on the island and the withdrawal can be adjusted accordingly.

Sincerely yours,

Robert C. McInnis
Secretary of the Interior

Bering Straits Native Corporation
P.O. Box 1008
Nome, Alaska 99762

Gambell

Enclosure

Kateel River Meridian

Protracted Descriptions

T. 22 S., Rs. 64 and 65 W.

T. 23 S., Rs. 64, 65, and 68 W.

T. 24 S., Rs. 61 thru 66, and 68 W.

T. 25 S., Rs. 62, 66, 67, and 68 W.

Kawerak, Inc. boarding home

by Sue King

Kawerak, Inc. has accepted a contract with the State of Alaska for the operation of a Boarding Home Program in Nome for the students of the Nome-Beltz Regional High School service area.

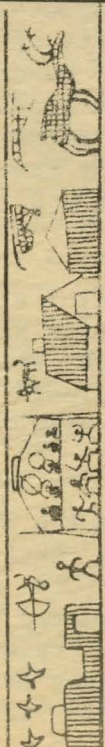
The maximum of the 120 students will be supervised under this program. Forty-four students will be placed in the Kawerak Apts., and 76 students placed in licensed homes in the City of Nome.

The Kawerak Board of Directors approved the concept of the Kawerak apartments, and outlined operating procedures for the Boarding Home Program to use as guidelines. Each Board Member expressed recommendations to the Kawerak staff, concerning the apartment parents. The following were brought up by the Board:

Dependability was the most desired trait and alcoholism the most undesired trait expressed. The flexibility of the parents was also a concern of the Board Members. All felt each family should be allowed to carry on his own family life without a lot of restrictions. Each family will receive a monthly salary and room and board. Village parents are allowed to bring with them two dependants.

To date four families have been selected. Two of the four have arrived and have set up housekeeping in the apartments. Each family is licensed the same as the Boarding Home Parents in the City limits-the only difference is the location of their homes.

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ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED